

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

190 Penetro 90<sup>®</sup> (Bulk)

## Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	: 190 Penetro 90 <sup>®</sup> (Bulk)	
Other means of identification	: Not available.	
Product type	: Liquid.	
Identified uses		
Penetrating oil and chain lubricant.		

Supplier's details	: Schaeffer Mfg. Company 2600 S. Broadway Saint Louis, Missouri 63118 Tel: 314-865-4100 Fax: 314-865-4107 Toll Free: 1-800-325-9962 E-Mail: safety@schaefferoil.com Web: http://www.schaefferoil.com
Emergency telephone	+1 31/ 865-/105 (2/-bour response numb

Emergency telephone	: +1 314 865-4105 (24-hour response number)
number (with hours of	
operation)	

## Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: While this material is not considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), this SDS contains valuable information critical to the safe handling and proper use of the product. This SDS should be retained and available for employees and other users of this product.
Classification of the substance or mixture	: Not classified.
GHS label elements	
Signal word	: No signal word.
Hazard statements	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Precautionary statement	<u>S</u>
General	: Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Prevention	: Not applicable.
Response	: Not applicable.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	: Not applicable.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	60 - 100	64742-52-5
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	1 - 5	64742-88-7
Antimony, dialkyl dithiocarbamate	1 - 5	15890-25-2

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

Eye contact	<ul> <li>Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/sym	<u>otoms</u>
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.</li> <li>The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: No specific fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides Sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: No special measures are required.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	tive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. U.S.A. regulations may require reporting spills of this material that could reach any surface waters. Report spills to all applicable Federal, State, Provincial and local authorities and/or the United States National Response Center at (800) 424-8802 as appropriate or required.
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill
 Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
Advice on general occupational hygiene	<ul> <li>Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.</li> </ul>

## Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Exposure limits	
ACGIH TLV (United States, 6/2013). TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction NIOSH REL (United States, 4/2013).	
STEL: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: Mist OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).	
OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 400 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.	
TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 400 mg/m³ 8 hours.	
TWA: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Sb) 8 hours. <b>OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).</b> TWA: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Sb) 8 hours. <b>NIOSH REL (United States, 4/2013).</b>	
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 6/2013). TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction NIOSH REL (United States, 4/2013). TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: Mist OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Mist OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 400 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 400 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 400 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Sb) 8 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Sb) 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls	:	Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.

### Individual protection measures

multiludi protection meas	
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Wear eye protection such as safety glasses, chemical goggles, or face shields if engineering controls or work practices are not adequate to prevent eye contact.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Use nitrile or oil resistant gloves.
Body protection	: Personal protective clothing such as gloves, aprons, boots and complete facial protection should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved. Users should determine acceptable performance characteristics of protective clothing. Consider physical requirements and other substances present when selecting protective clothing.
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	: If a risk assessment indicates that respiratory protection is required, use a properly fitted, air-purifying or supplied air respirator that complies with an approved standard. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	:	Liquid. [Viscous.]
Color	:	Black.
Odor	:	Hydrocarbon. [Slight]
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
рН	:	Not applicable.
Melting point/ Dropping Point	:	Not available.
Boiling point	:	>260°C (>500°F)
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 93 to 110°C (199.4 to 230°F) [Tagliabue.]
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	1	Not available.
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.
Vapor density	:	>1 [Air = 1]
Relative density	:	0.8861
Solubility	:	Negligible in water.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	1	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Not available.
Volatility	:	Not available.
VOC content	1	5 % (w/w)

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: Strong oxidizing and reducing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide; by products of incomplete combustion.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity				
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Antimony, dialkyl dithiocarbamate	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rabbit Rat	16000 mg/kg 16400 mg/kg	-

Product/ingredient name	Result			Species	Score	Exposure		Observation	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	Skin - Severe irritant			Rabbit	-	500 mg		-	
Sensitization									
There is no data available.									
Carcinogenicity									
<b>Classification</b>									
Product/ingredient name	<b>OSHA</b>	IARC	NTP				ACGIH	EPA	NIOSH
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	-	-	-				A4	-	-
Specific target organ toxicity	(single e	exposur	<u>e)</u>						•
There is no data available.									
Specific target organ toxicity	(repeate	d expos	<u>ure)</u>						
There is no data available.									
Aspiration hazard									
Name					Result				
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated he Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium		nenic			ASPIRATION ASPIRATION				

### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Delayed and immediate effec	ts ar	nd also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	: N	lo known significant effects or critical hazards.
Potential delayed effects	: N	lo known significant effects or critical hazards.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	: N	lo known significant effects or critical hazards.
Potential delayed effects	: N	lo known significant effects or critical hazards.
Potential chronic health effe	<u>cts</u>	
General	: N	lo known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: N	lo known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: N	lo known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: N	lo known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Developmental effects</b>	: N	lo known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: N	lo known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Numerical measures of toxicity Acute toxicity estimates

There is no data available.

## Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

There is no data available.

#### Persistence and degradability

There is no data available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

There is no data available.

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition: Not available.coefficient (Koc)

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

### **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling empty containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	-	-

**AERG** : Not applicable

# Section 14. Transport information

Special precautions for user	1	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are
		upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in
		the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according	: Not available.
to Annex II of MARPOL	
73/78 and the IBC Code	

J.S. Federal regulations	: TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial ex	emption: Not determined	
	United States inventory (TSCA 8b	): All components are listed or e	exempted.
	Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: Antim	ony, dialkyl dithiocarbamate	
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Listed		
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: Not listed		
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: Not listed		
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: Not listed		
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	: Not listed		
<u>SARA 302/304</u>			
Composition/information	on ingredients		
No products were found.			
SARA 304 RQ	: Not applicable.		
<u>SARA 311/312</u>			
Classification	: Not applicable.		
SARA 313			
	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting	Antimony, dialkyl dithiocarbamate	15890-25-2	1 - 5

	Supplier notification	Antimony, dialkyl dithiocarbamate	15890-25-2	1 - 5			
SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.							

State regulations	
Massachusetts	: None of the components are listed.
New York	: None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	<ul> <li>The following components are listed: Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic; Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic; Antimony, dialkyl dithiocarbamate</li> </ul>
Pennsylvania	: The following components are listed: Antimony, dialkyl dithiocarbamate
<u>California Prop. 65</u>	

No products were found.

requirements

1 - 5

## Section 16. Other information

## Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

#### Health: 1 Flammability: 1 Physical hazards: 0

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health: 1 Flammability: 1 Instability: 0

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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

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Prepared by		:	Schaeffer Mfg. Company

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.