



## Precautionary statement

### Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not apply while equipment is energized. Extinguish all flames, pilot lights and heaters. Vapors will accumulate readily and may ignite. Use only with adequate ventilation; maintain ventilation during use and until all vapors are gone. Open doors and windows or use other means to ensure a fresh air supply during use and while product is drying. If you experience any symptoms listed on this label, increase ventilation or leave the area. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment.

### Response

If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention. If exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. Collect spillage.

### Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Exposure to high temperature may cause can to burst.

### Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.

### Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

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## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

### Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
liquefied petroleum gas		68476-86-8	20 - 30
n-heptane		142-82-5	10 - 20
petrolatum		8009-03-8	10 - 20
2-methylpentane		107-83-5	5 - 10
3-methylhexane		589-34-4	5 - 10
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light		64742-49-0	5 - 10
2-methylhexane		591-76-4	3 - 5
heptane, branched, cyclic and linear		426260-76-6	3 - 5
methylcyclohexane		108-87-2	3 - 5
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.		64742-89-8	3 - 5
3-ethylpentane		617-78-7	1 - 3
ethylbenzene		100-41-4	1 - 3
n-hexane		110-54-3	1 - 3
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy		64742-70-7	1 - 3
xylene		1330-20-7	1 - 3
3,3-dimethylpentane		562-49-2	< 1
toluene		108-88-3	< 0.3
2,2-dimethylbutane		75-83-2	< 0.2
2,3-dimethylbutane		79-29-8	< 0.2
3-methylpentane		96-14-0	< 0.2

Specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

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## 4. First-aid measures

### Inhalation

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

### Skin contact

Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

<b>Eye contact</b>	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.
<b>Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed</b>	Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Narcosis. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Behavioral changes. Decrease in motor functions. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. May cause redness and pain. Edema. Jaundice. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.
<b>Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed</b>	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
<b>General information</b>	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

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## 5. Fire-fighting measures

<b>Suitable extinguishing media</b>	Water fog. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
<b>Unsuitable extinguishing media</b>	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
<b>Specific hazards arising from the chemical</b>	Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may rupture when exposed to heat or flame. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
<b>Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters</b>	Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.
<b>Fire-fighting equipment/instructions</b>	In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up.
<b>General fire hazards</b>	Extremely flammable aerosol. Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may rupture when exposed to heat or flame.

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## 6. Accidental release measures

<b>Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures</b>	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Keep out of low areas. Many gases are heavier than air and will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Emergency personnel need self-contained breathing equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
<b>Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up</b>	Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Prevent product from entering drains. Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
<b>Environmental precautions</b>	Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. Use caution around energized equipment. The metal container will conduct electricity if it contacts a live source. This may result in injury to the user from electrical shock and/or flash fire. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. For product usage instructions, see the product label.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Level 3 Aerosol.

Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122 °F. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Avoid spark promoters. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Occupational exposure limits

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

#### US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value	Form
ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	PEL	435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 100 ppm	
methylcyclohexane (CAS 108-87-2)	PEL	2000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 500 ppm	
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)	PEL	400 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 100 ppm	
n-heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	PEL	2000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 500 ppm	
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	PEL	1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 500 ppm	
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy (CAS 64742-70-7)	PEL	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Mist.
petrolatum (CAS 8009-03-8)	PEL	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Mist.
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. (CAS 64742-89-8)	PEL	400 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 100 ppm	
xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	PEL	435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 100 ppm	

#### US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Ceiling TWA	300 ppm 200 ppm

**US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values**

Components	Type	Value	Form
2,2-dimethylbutane (CAS 75-83-2)	STEL	1000 ppm	
	TWA	500 ppm	
2,3-dimethylbutane (CAS 79-29-8)	STEL	1000 ppm	
	TWA	500 ppm	
2-methylhexane (CAS 591-76-4)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	400 ppm	
2-methylpentane (CAS 107-83-5)	STEL	1000 ppm	
	TWA	500 ppm	
3,3-dimethylpentane (CAS 562-49-2)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	400 ppm	
3-ethylpentane (CAS 617-78-7)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	400 ppm	
3-methylhexane (CAS 589-34-4)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	400 ppm	
3-methylpentane (CAS 96-14-0)	STEL	1000 ppm	
	TWA	500 ppm	
ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	TWA	20 ppm	
	TWA	20 ppm	
methylcyclohexane (CAS 108-87-2)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	400 ppm	
n-heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	400 ppm	
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	TWA	50 ppm	
	TWA	50 ppm	
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy (CAS 64742-70-7)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
petrolatum (CAS 8009-03-8)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA	20 ppm	
xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL	150 ppm	
	TWA	100 ppm	

**US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards**

Components	Type	Value	Form
2,2-dimethylbutane (CAS 75-83-2)	Ceiling	1800 mg/m3	
	TWA	510 ppm	
	TWA	350 mg/m3	
2,3-dimethylbutane (CAS 79-29-8)	Ceiling	1800 mg/m3	
	TWA	510 ppm	
	TWA	350 mg/m3	
2-methylpentane (CAS 107-83-5)	Ceiling	1800 mg/m3	
	TWA	510 ppm	
	TWA	350 mg/m3	
3-methylpentane (CAS 96-14-0)	Ceiling	1800 mg/m3	
	TWA	510 ppm	
	TWA	350 mg/m3	

**US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards**

Components	Type	Value	Form
ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	STEL	100 ppm 545 mg/m3	
	TWA	125 ppm 435 mg/m3	
methylcyclohexane (CAS 108-87-2)	TWA	100 ppm 1600 mg/m3	
	TWA	400 ppm 400 mg/m3	
n-heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	Ceiling	100 ppm 1800 mg/m3	
	TWA	440 ppm 350 mg/m3	
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	TWA	85 ppm 180 mg/m3	
	STEL	50 ppm 10 mg/m3	Mist.
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy (CAS 64742-70-7)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Mist.
	STEL	10 mg/m3	Mist.
petrolatum (CAS 8009-03-8)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Mist.
	TWA	400 mg/m3	
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. (CAS 64742-89-8)	TWA	400 mg/m3	
	STEL	100 ppm 560 mg/m3	
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA	150 ppm 375 mg/m3	
	TWA	100 ppm	

**Biological limit values**

**ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices**

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	0.15 g/g	Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid	Creatinine in urine	*
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	0.4 mg/l	2,5-Hexanedione, without hydrolysis	Urine	*
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	0.3 mg/g	o-Cresol, with hydrolysis	Creatinine in urine	*
	0.03 mg/l	Toluene	Urine	*
	0.02 mg/l	Toluene	Blood	*
xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	1.5 g/g	Methylhippuric acids	Creatinine in urine	*

\* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

**Exposure guidelines**

**US - California OELs: Skin designation**

n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3) Can be absorbed through the skin.  
 toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Can be absorbed through the skin.

**US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies**

toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Skin designation applies.

## US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

<b>Appropriate engineering controls</b>	Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station.
<b>Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment</b>	
<b>Eye/face protection</b>	Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).
<b>Skin protection</b>	
<b>Hand protection</b>	Wear protective gloves such as: Nitrile. Polyvinyl chloride (PVC). Viton rubber (fluor rubber).
<b>Other</b>	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.
<b>Respiratory protection</b>	If engineering controls are not feasible or if exposure exceeds the applicable exposure limits, use a NIOSH-approved cartridge respirator with an organic vapor cartridge. Use a self-contained breathing apparatus in confined spaces and for emergencies. Air monitoring is needed to determine actual employee exposure levels.
<b>Thermal hazards</b>	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.
<b>General hygiene considerations</b>	Observe any medical surveillance requirements. When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

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## 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

<b>Physical state</b>	Liquid.
<b>Form</b>	Aerosol.
<b>Color</b>	Dark red.
<b>Odor</b>	Petroleum.
<b>Odor threshold</b>	Not available.
<b>pH</b>	Not available.
<b>Melting point/freezing point</b>	-244.7 °F (-153.7 °C) estimated
<b>Initial boiling point and boiling range</b>	118.4 °F (48 °C) estimated
<b>Flash point</b>	< 0 °F (< -17.8 °C) Closed Cup
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	Fast.
<b>Flammability (solid, gas)</b>	Not available.

### Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

<b>Flammability limit - lower (%)</b>	1 % estimated
<b>Flammability limit - upper (%)</b>	8 % estimated
<b>Vapor pressure</b>	1453.1 hPa estimated
<b>Vapor density</b>	Not available.
<b>Relative density</b>	0.73
<b>Solubility (water)</b>	Not available.
<b>Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)</b>	Not available.
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	489.2 °F (254 °C) estimated
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	Not available.
<b>Viscosity (kinematic)</b>	Not available.
<b>Percent volatile</b>	86.4 % estimated

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## 10. Stability and reactivity

<b>Reactivity</b>	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
<b>Chemical stability</b>	Material is stable under normal conditions.

<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
<b>Conditions to avoid</b>	Heat, flames and sparks. Contact with incompatible materials.
<b>Incompatible materials</b>	Strong acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Halogens.
<b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>	Carbon oxides.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

<b>Inhalation</b>	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Causes skin irritation.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Causes serious eye irritation.
<b>Ingestion</b>	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by ingestion. Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics** Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Narcosis. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Behavioral changes. Decrease in motor functions. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Edema. Jaundice.

### Information on toxicological effects

**Acute toxicity** May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Components	Species	Test Results
3-methylhexane (CAS 589-34-4)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	> 2000 mg/kg
ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Inhalation</b>		
LC50	Rat	17.2 mg/l, 4 hours
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	3500 mg/kg
heptane, branched, cyclic and linear (CAS 426260-76-6)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
<b>Inhalation</b>		
LC50	Rat	> 60 mg/l, 4 hours
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
methylcyclohexane (CAS 108-87-2)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg



Components	Species	Test Results
n-heptane (CAS 142-82-5)		
<b><u>Acute</u></b>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rabbit	3000 mg/kg
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)		
<b><u>Acute</u></b>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rabbit	> 1300 mg/kg
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	15840 mg/kg
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy (CAS 64742-70-7)		
<b><u>Acute</u></b>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
petrolatum (CAS 8009-03-8)		
<b><u>Acute</u></b>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
<b>Inhalation</b>		
LC50	Rat	> 20 mg/l, 4 hours
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	> 2000 mg/kg
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. (CAS 64742-89-8)		
<b><u>Acute</u></b>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)		
<b><u>Acute</u></b>		
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	4300 mg/kg

\* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

<b>Skin corrosion/irritation</b>	Causes skin irritation.
<b>Serious eye damage/eye irritation</b>	Causes serious eye irritation.
<b>Respiratory sensitization</b>	Not a respiratory sensitizer.
<b>Skin sensitization</b>	This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.
<b>Germ cell mutagenicity</b>	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	Suspected of causing cancer.
<b>IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity</b>	
ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed light (CAS 64742-71-8)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.
xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.
<b>OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)</b>	
Not regulated.	
<b>US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens</b>	
Not listed.	

<b>Reproductive toxicity</b>	Components in this product have been shown to cause birth defects and reproductive disorders in laboratory animals. Suspected of damaging fertility.
<b>Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure</b>	May cause drowsiness and dizziness.
<b>Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure</b>	May cause damage to organs (central nervous system, kidney, liver) through prolonged or repeated exposure by ingestion.
<b>Aspiration hazard</b>	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. If aspirated into lungs during swallowing or vomiting, may cause chemical pneumonia, pulmonary injury or death.
<b>Chronic effects</b>	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

## 12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components		Species	Test Results
2-methylpentane (CAS 107-83-5)			
<b>Aquatic</b>			
<i>Acute</i>			
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia	1 - 10 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fish	1 - 10 mg/l, 96 hours
ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)			
<b>Aquatic</b>			
Fish	LC50	Atlantic silverside ( <i>Menidia menidia</i> )	4.4 - 5.7 mg/l, 96 hours
<i>Acute</i>			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea ( <i>Daphnia magna</i> )	2.1 mg/l, 48 hours
heptane, branched, cyclic and linear (CAS 426260-76-6)			
<b>Aquatic</b>			
<i>Acute</i>			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea ( <i>Daphnia magna</i> )	1.5 mg/l, 48 hours
methylcyclohexane (CAS 108-87-2)			
<b>Aquatic</b>			
Fish	LC50	Striped bass ( <i>Morone saxatilis</i> )	5.8 mg/l, 96 hours
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)			
<b>Aquatic</b>			
<i>Acute</i>			
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia	1 - 10 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fish	1 - 10 mg/l, 96 hours
n-heptane (CAS 142-82-5)			
<b>Aquatic</b>			
<i>Acute</i>			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea ( <i>Daphnia magna</i> )	1.5 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow ( <i>Pimephales promelas</i> )	2.1 - 2.98 mg/l, 96 hours
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)			
<b>Aquatic</b>			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow ( <i>Pimephales promelas</i> )	2.101 - 2.981 mg/l, 96 hours
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. (CAS 64742-89-8)			
<b>Aquatic</b>			
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout, donaldson trout ( <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i> )	8.8 mg/l, 96 hours
			8.8 mg/l, 96 hours
<i>Acute</i>			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea ( <i>Daphnia magna</i> )	1.5 mg/l, 48 hours

Components	Species	Test Results
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
<i>Acute</i>		
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna) 6 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Coho salmon,silver salmon (Oncorhynchus kisutch) 5.5 mg/l, 96 hours
xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss) 9.54 - 19.2 mg/l, 96 hours

\* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

**Persistence and degradability** No data is available on the degradability of this product.

**Bioaccumulative potential** No data available.

**Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)**

2,2-dimethylbutane	3.82
2,3-dimethylbutane	3.42
2-methylpentane	3.74
3-methylpentane	3.6
ethylbenzene	3.15
methylcyclohexane	3.61
n-heptane	4.66
n-hexane	3.9
toluene	2.73
xylene	3.12 - 3.2

**Bioconcentration factor (BCF)**

ethylbenzene	1
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	10 - 25000
toluene	90
xylene	23.99

**Mobility in soil** No data available.

**Other adverse effects** No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

### 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal of waste from residues / unused products** If discarded, this product is considered a RCRA ignitable waste, D001. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

**Hazardous waste code** D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 F

**Contaminated packaging** Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

### 14. Transport information

**DOT**

<b>UN number</b>	UN1950
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	Aerosols, flammable, Limited Quantity
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	
<b>Class</b>	2.1
<b>Subsidiary risk</b>	-
<b>Label(s)</b>	2.1
<b>Packing group</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Special precautions for user</b>	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
<b>Special provisions</b>	N82
<b>Packaging exceptions</b>	306
<b>Packaging non bulk</b>	None
<b>Packaging bulk</b>	None

**IATA**

<b>UN number</b>	UN1950
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	Aerosols, flammable, Limited Quantity
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	
<b>Class</b>	2.1
<b>Subsidiary risk</b>	-
<b>Packing group</b>	Not applicable.
<b>ERG Code</b>	10L
<b>Special precautions for user</b>	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
<b>Other information</b>	
<b>Passenger and cargo aircraft</b>	Allowed with restrictions.
<b>Cargo aircraft only</b>	Allowed with restrictions.

**IMDG**

<b>UN number</b>	UN1950
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	AEROSOLS, Limited Quantity
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	
<b>Class</b>	2
<b>Subsidiary risk</b>	-
<b>Packing group</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	
<b>Marine pollutant</b>	No.
<b>EmS</b>	F-D, S-U
<b>Special precautions for user</b>	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

**15. Regulatory information**

**US federal regulations** This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

**TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)**

Not regulated.

**SARA 304 Emergency release notification**

Not regulated.

**OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)**

Not regulated.

**US EPCRA (SARA Title III) Section 313 - Toxic Chemical: Listed substance**

ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)  
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)  
xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

**CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)**

3,3-dimethylpentane (CAS 562-49-2)	Listed.
ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	Listed.
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	Listed.
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Listed.
xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	Listed.

**CERCLA Hazardous Substances: Reportable quantity**

3,3-dimethylpentane (CAS 562-49-2)	100 LBS
ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	1000 LBS
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	5000 LBS
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	1000 LBS
xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	100 LBS

Spills or releases resulting in the loss of any ingredient at or above its RQ require immediate notification to the National Response Center (800-424-8802) and to your Local Emergency Planning Committee.

**Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List**

ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)  
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)  
xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

**Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)**

Not regulated.

**Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)** Not regulated.

**Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number**

toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 6594

**Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))**

toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 35 %WV

**DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number**

toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 594

**Food and Drug Administration (FDA)** Not regulated.

**Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)**

**Section 311/312 Hazard categories** Immediate Hazard - Yes  
Delayed Hazard - Yes  
Fire Hazard - Yes  
Pressure Hazard - Yes  
Reactivity Hazard - No

**SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance** No

#### US state regulations

**US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))**

ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)  
liquefied petroleum gas (CAS 68476-86-8)  
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)  
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)  
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy (CAS 64742-70-7)  
petrolatum (CAS 8009-03-8)  
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. (CAS 64742-89-8)  
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)  
xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

**US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act**

2,2-dimethylbutane (CAS 75-83-2)  
2,3-dimethylbutane (CAS 79-29-8)  
2-methylpentane (CAS 107-83-5)  
3-methylhexane (CAS 589-34-4)  
ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)  
methylcyclohexane (CAS 108-87-2)  
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)  
n-heptane (CAS 142-82-5)  
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)  
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. (CAS 64742-89-8)  
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)  
xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

**US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List**

2,2-dimethylbutane (CAS 75-83-2)  
2,3-dimethylbutane (CAS 79-29-8)  
2-methylhexane (CAS 591-76-4)  
2-methylpentane (CAS 107-83-5)  
3-methylhexane (CAS 589-34-4)  
3-methylpentane (CAS 96-14-0)  
ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)  
methylcyclohexane (CAS 108-87-2)  
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)  
n-heptane (CAS 142-82-5)  
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)  
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy (CAS 64742-70-7)  
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. (CAS 64742-89-8)  
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)  
xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

**US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law**

2,2-dimethylbutane (CAS 75-83-2)

2,3-dimethylbutane (CAS 79-29-8)  
 2-methylhexane (CAS 591-76-4)  
 2-methylpentane (CAS 107-83-5)  
 3,3-dimethylpentane (CAS 562-49-2)  
 3-methylhexane (CAS 589-34-4)  
 3-methylpentane (CAS 96-14-0)  
 ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)  
 methylcyclohexane (CAS 108-87-2)  
 naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)  
 n-heptane (CAS 142-82-5)  
 n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)  
 paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy (CAS 64742-70-7)  
 solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. (CAS 64742-89-8)  
 toluene (CAS 108-88-3)  
 xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

**US. Rhode Island RTK**

ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)  
 methylcyclohexane (CAS 108-87-2)  
 naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)  
 n-heptane (CAS 142-82-5)  
 n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)  
 paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy (CAS 64742-70-7)  
 petrolatum (CAS 8009-03-8)  
 solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. (CAS 64742-89-8)  
 toluene (CAS 108-88-3)  
 xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

**US. California Proposition 65**

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

**US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance**

benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	Listed: February 27, 1987
cumene (CAS 98-82-8)	Listed: April 6, 2010
ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	Listed: June 11, 2004
naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)	Listed: April 19, 2002

**US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin**

benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	Listed: December 26, 1997
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Listed: January 1, 1991

**US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Male reproductive toxin**

benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	Listed: December 26, 1997
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**Volatile organic compounds (VOC) regulations**

**EPA**

**Aerosol coatings (40 CFR 59, Subpt. E)** Not regulated

**State**

**Aerosol coatings** This product is regulated as an Electrical Coating. This product is compliant for sale in all 50 states.

**Maximum incremental reactivity (MIR)** 1.253

**International Inventories**

<b>Country(s) or region</b>	<b>Inventory name</b>	<b>On inventory (yes/no)*</b>
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	Yes
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

\*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)  
A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

## 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

**Issue date** 10-21-2013  
**Revision date** 10-12-2017  
**Prepared by** Allison Yoon  
**Version #** 04  
**Further information** CRC # 597P-Q/1002627-1002629

**HMIS® ratings** Health: 2\*  
Flammability: 4  
Physical hazard: 1  
Personal protection: B

**NFPA ratings** Health: 2  
Flammability: 4  
Instability: 1

**NFPA ratings**



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**Revision Information** Product and Company Identification: Product Codes  
Composition/information on ingredients: Component information  
Handling and storage: Precautions for safe handling  
Other information, including date of preparation or last revision: Further information